





# The Flight of the Hoverfly



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#### Aim

To measure the dispersal ability of the endangered aspen hoverfly *Hammerschmidtia ferruginea*.

#### Introduction

Aspen hoverflies develop on decaying sap that builds up under the bark of dead aspen trees.

Adult females visit decaying aspen logs to oviposit eggs and males defend territories on this oviposition resource, presumably to acquire mates.

Aspen trees are widespread in the UK but only in Scotland do they exist in large enough groups to sustain a population of the aspen hoverfly.

In order to manage aspen woodlands to benefit this rare insect we need to know more about its dispersal behaviour.

## **Method**



1066 aspen hoverflies were marked with enamel paint and released at the 'Release point' (see central map).

Rotting aspen logs were distributed along 3 transects at

1km intervals (see

central map).

Over two months the logs were intensively monitored for marked individuals.

# **Results Aspen** hoverflies can disperse at least 4km! en hoverfly Most dispersers were re-sighted along the North East transect 45 (of 78) were re-sighted at the release site Key One aspen hoverfly Rotting aspen log Release point Direction of dispersa

More females emerged ( $\chi^2=12.9$ , P=0.002, n=573) but there was no significant difference between males and females re-sighted (Fig. 1).

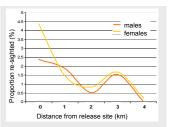


Figure 1. Proportion of males and females resignted at each distance from the release site.

Individuals re-sighted at the release site were younger than those re-sighted on the transects (W=706, P=0.00) (Fig.2).

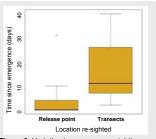


Figure 2. Variation in age upon re-sighting aspen hoverflies at the release site and along transacts.

### **Next step**

Resource distribution information gained from this study feeds directly into conservation management.

The next step asks whether these insects require 1km stepping stones i.e. corridors of habitat between isolated woodlands.



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Reference

Rotheray E.L., MacGowan I., Rotheray G.E., Sears J., Elliott A. (2009) The conservation requirements of an endangered hoverfly, Hammerschmidtia ferruginea (Diptera, Syrphidae) in the UK' J Insect Conserv, 13:569-574 Rotheray G., Hancock G., Hewitt S., Horsfield D., MacGowan I., Robertson D., Watt K. (2001) The Biodiversity and Conservation of Saproxylic Diptera in Scotland' J Insect Conserv, 5:77-85